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AE9/AP9/SPM: New Models for Radiation Belt and Space Plasma Specification

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Presented by: Judy A. Fennelly, PhD Chief Engineer Battlespace Environment Division Air Force Research Laboratory









- Bob Johnston
- •Paul O'Brien
- •Gregory Ginet
- Stuart Huston
- Timothy Guild
- •Judy Fennelly



- Air Force Research Lab (Principal Investigator) Aerospace Corp. (Principal Investigator) **MIT Lincoln Lab (Principal Investigator) Atmospheric & Environment Research Inc.** Atmospheric and Atmospheric & Environment Research Inc.
 - Air Force Research Lab









- Introduction
- Overview of AE9/AP9/SPM
- Model Application
- Validation and Comparisons
- Current & Future Releases
- Summary





Introduction to AE9/AP9/SPM

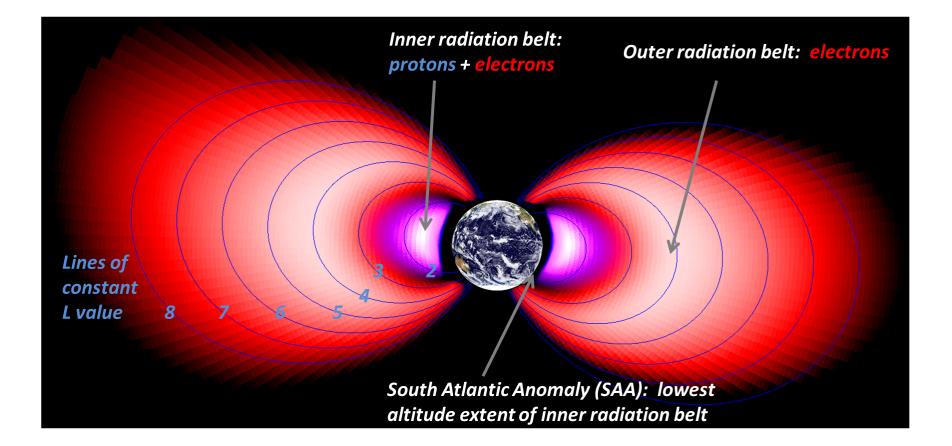


AE9/AP9/SPM is a suite of empirical models describing the trapped electron, proton, and plasma in the near earth space environment

- AE9/AP9/SPM meets the satellite and space instrumentation design community's need for radiation environment specification model
 - Responsive tool with expanded range of features not available with legacy models
 - Uses the most up-to-date data available
 - Introduces quantitative statistics for use in design efforts



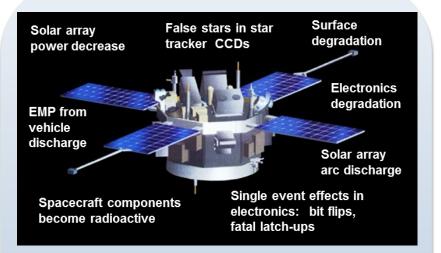




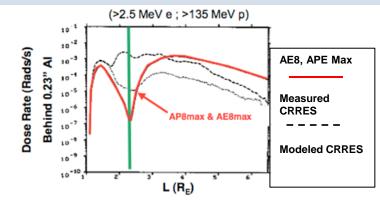


Need for Accurate Near-Earth Radiation Environment Estimations





Energetic protons, electrons and plasma pose a wide range of hazards to spacecraft and components These hazards are dynamic and sometimes not accurately captured in legacy models



For MEO orbit (L=2.2), #years to reach 100 kRad:

- Quiet conditions (NASA AP8, AE8): 88 yrs
- Active conditions (CRRES active) : 1.1 yrs
 AE8 & AP8 under estimate the dose for 0.23" shielding





Legacy Space Environmental Electron and Proton Models



AE8 & AP8 electron and proton empirical models are the most widely used of the various legacy models

 These are capable models, but do not meet emerging needs of the design community

- AE8/AP8 lacked the ability to trade actual environmental risks like other system risks
 - AE8/AP8 could never answer questions such as "how much risk can be avoided by doubling the shielding mass?"
- Inaccuracies and lack of indications of uncertainty
 - Creates the necessity of excessive margin in designs
- No plasma specification
 - Unknown surface dose effects
- No natural dynamics
 - Not present are environments for internal charging or worst case proton effects, such as single event effects (SEEs)







AE9/AE9/SPM suite provides advanced capabilities for estimating the natural trapped radiation environment in near-Earth Space for satellite design

- Unprecedented coverage in energies and particle types addressing major space environmental hazards
- Includes uncertainties and dynamics that have never been available for use in design
 - Data-based statistics quantifying uncertainties from both measurements and space weather variability
 - Estimate design margins (95th percentile rather than arbitrary factors)
- Dynamic scenarios allow users to create worst cases for internal charging, single event effects, and impacts on mission life



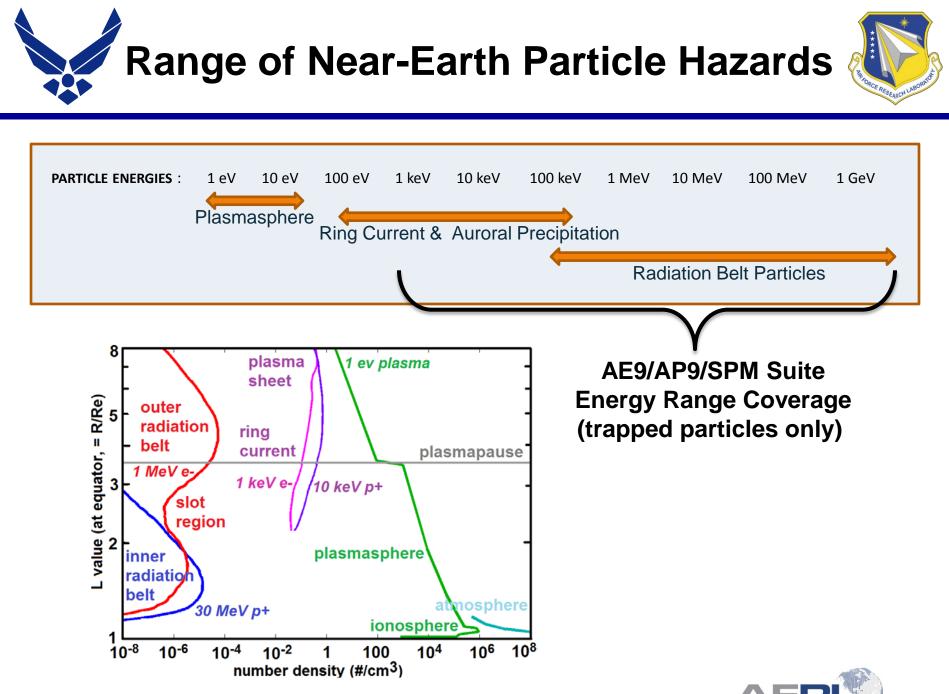




| MODEL | AE9 | AP9 | SPM |
|--------------|------------------|---|---|
| Species | e⁻ | H+ | e⁻, H⁺, He⁺, O⁺ |
| L Range | 0.98 < L* < 12.4 | 0.98 < L* < 12.4 | 2 < L _m < 10 |
| Energy Range | 40 keV – 10 MeV | 100 keV – 400MeV (V1.0-V1.05) 100keV – 2 GeV (V1.20) | e⁻ : 1 -40 keV H⁺, He⁺, O⁺: 1.15 – 164 keV |

- AE9/AP9 covers trapped radiation over full range of orbit regimes
- SPM introduces coverage of plasma energies and species
- AP9 V1.20 will extend energy range up to 2 GeV, based on Van Allen Probe observations





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AE9/AP9/SPM Incorporates High-Quality Data Sets



The AE9/AP9/SPM suite is based on data sets mostly acquired after development of AE8 and AP8 and covers greater spatial and energy ranges than the prior models

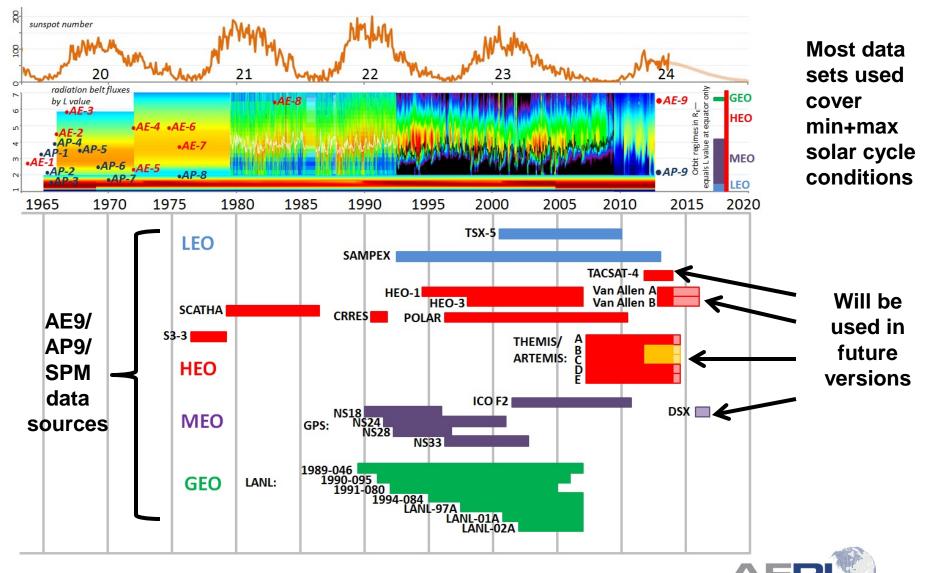
- Maps of the particle fluxes are created from these data sets
- Estimates of uncertainties include both measurements uncertainties and space weather variability

- AE9/AP9/SPM incorporates 33 data sets measured by spacebased sensors
- Data sets were selected for accuracy in inner magnetosphere
- Data during solar proton events were eliminated
 - resulting maps describe trapped radiation only
- Cross-calibration was done to a single standard sensor, both eliminating relative biases and providing estimates of measurement uncertainty



Data Sets Used for AE9/AP9/SPM

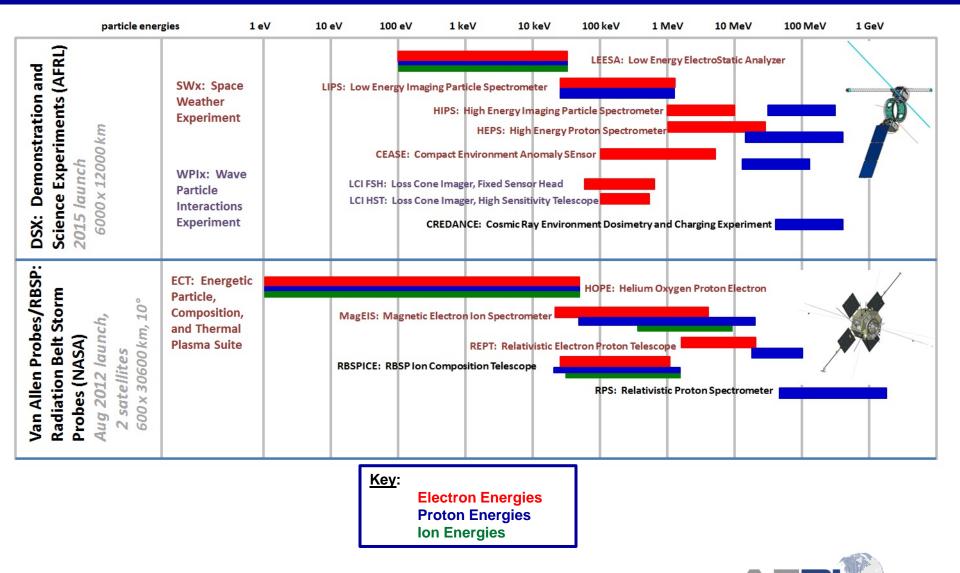






Examples of Future AE9/AP9/SPM Data Sets

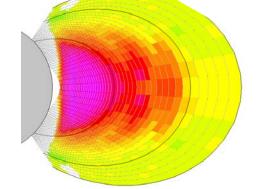




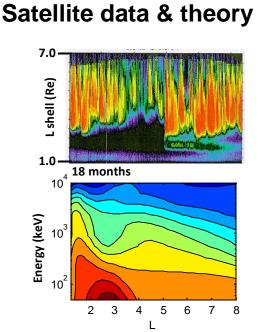
AE9/AP9/SPM Architecture Overview



AE9/AP9/SPM Creates Flux Maps based on Satellite Data

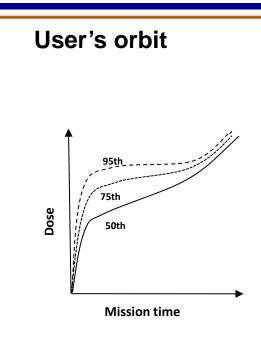


- Creates maps for median and 95th percentile of distribution function
 - Maps characterizes both nominal and extreme environments
- Includes error maps with instrument uncertainty



Statistical Monte-Carlo Model

- Compute spatial and temporal correlation as spatiotemporal covariance matrices
- Set up Nth-order autoregressive system to evolve perturbed maps in time



User application

- Runs statistical model N times with different random seeds to get N flux profiles
- Computes dose rate, dose or other desired quantity derivable from flux for each scenario
- Aggregates N scenarios to get median, 75th and 90th confidence levels on computed quantities

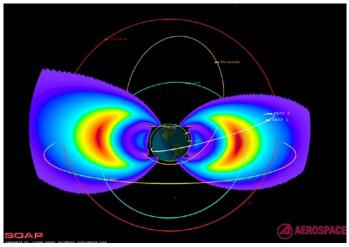


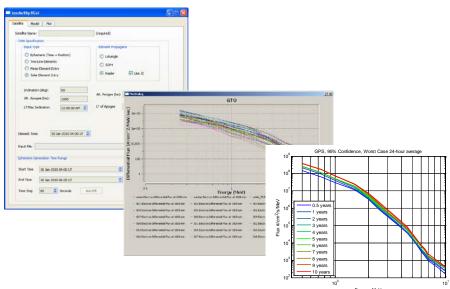


How to Use AE9/AP9



- Model provided with GUI and CmdLine access
- Specify input and options:
 - orbital elements or ephemeris
 - coordinate system
 - model(s) to use—AE9/AP9/SPM, legacy models
 - mode—e.g. mean or Monte Carlo scenarios
- Model provides requested quantities
 - fluxes, fluences, doses
- Results for appropriate modes include statistics (e.g. median and 95th percentile) for risk assessment









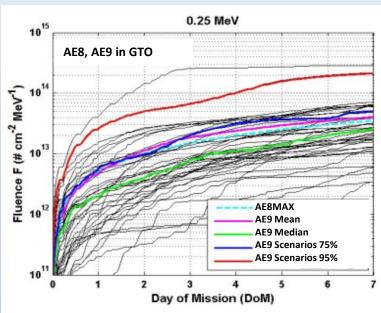
Model Comparison and Validation

- AE9/AP9/SPM results compared to legacy models including AE8/AP8
- AE9/AP9 results validated against independent LEO, HEO, GEO data sets
- Implementations of AE8/AP8 and SHIELDOSE within AE9/AP9 tool validated against results from SPENVIS and IRBEM



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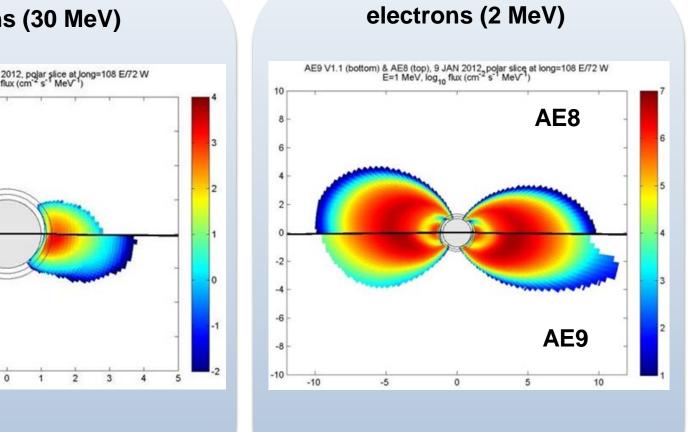






AE9/AP9 Compared to AE8/AP8





protons (30 MeV)

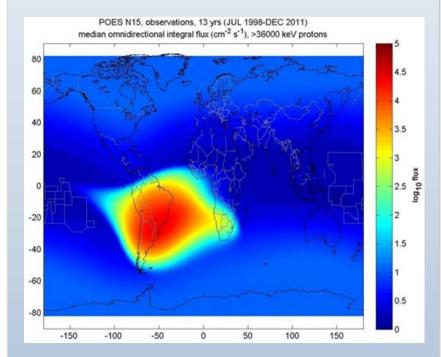
AP9 (bottom) & AP8 (top), 9 JAN 2012, polar slice at Jong=108 E/72 W E=30 MeV, log 10 flux (cm*2 s*1 MeV*1) 3 AP8 2 1 0 -1 -2 AP9 -3 -5 -3



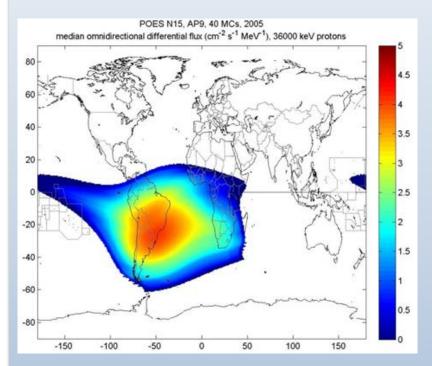


AP9 Validation—POES 15 (LEO)

POES 15 observations, >36 MeV protons



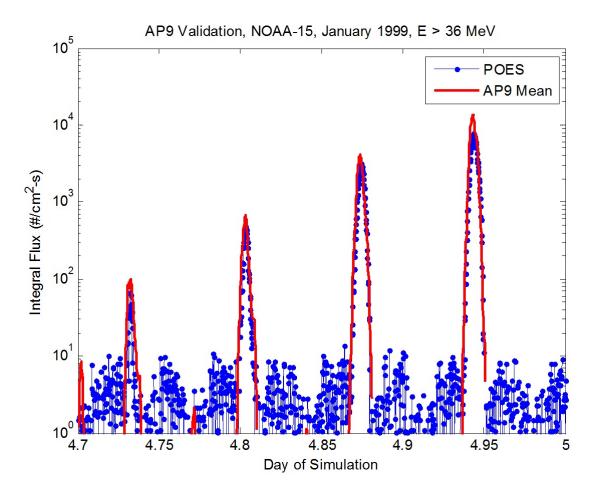
AP9 median results, >36 MeV protons







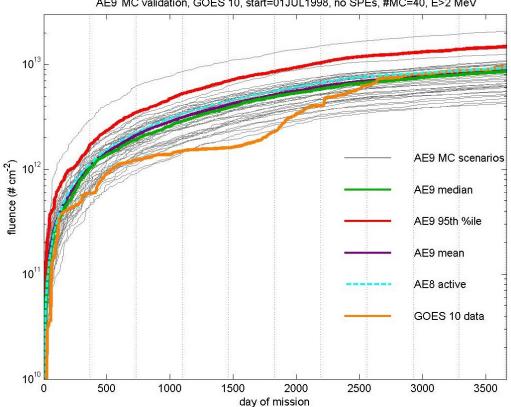








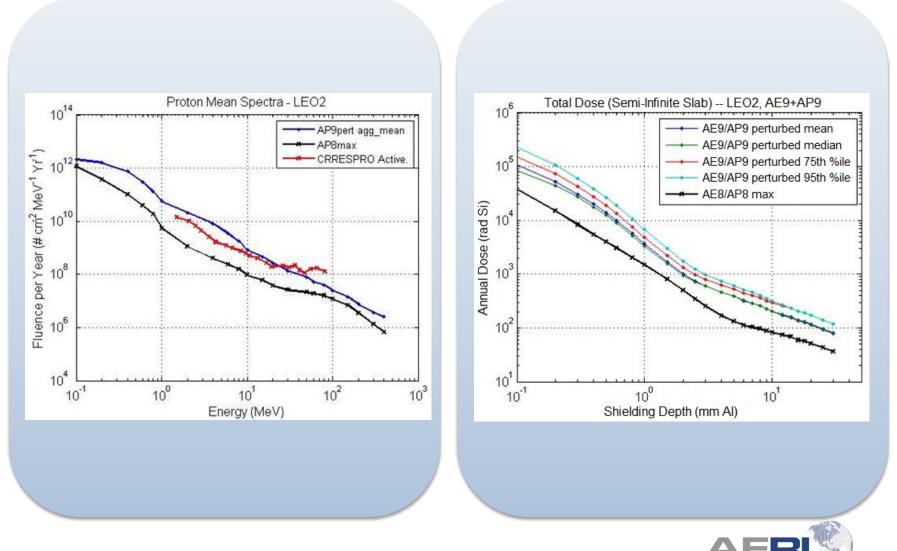




AE9 MC validation, GOES 10, start=01JUL1998, no SPEs, #MC=40, E>2 MeV



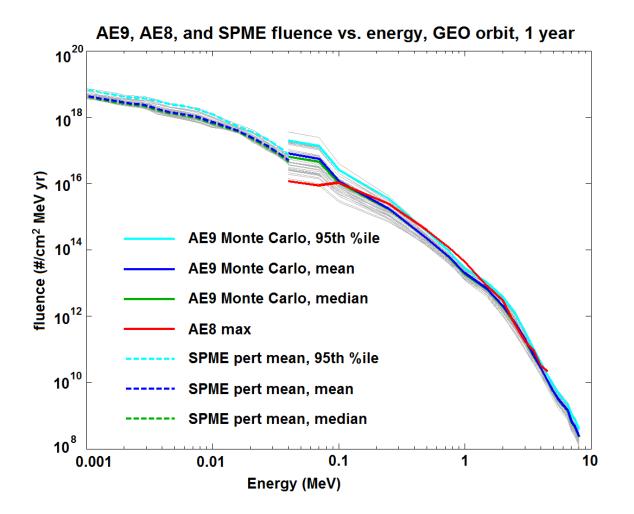
AE9/AP9 Fluence and Dose Estimates, LEO (800 km)





AE9/AP9/SPM Fluence Estimates, GEO



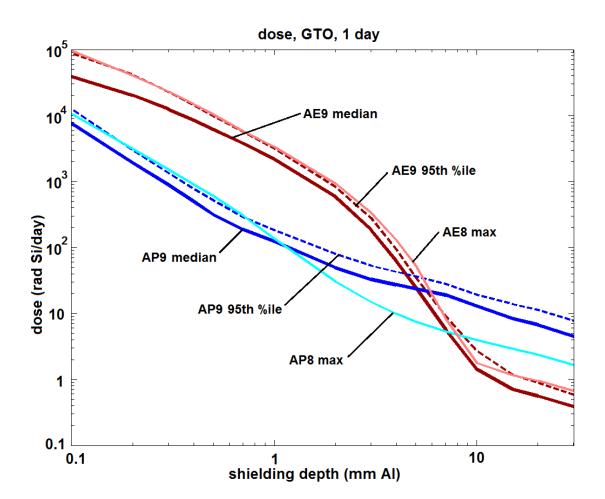






AE9/AP9 Dose Estimates, GTO





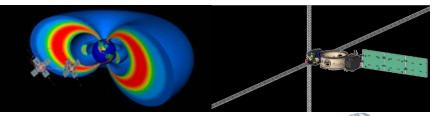




- V1.0 released in 2012, current version V1.05 released in 2013
- AE9/AP9 proposed as an ISO standard trapped radiation model
- V1.2 features
 - New data: TacSat-4 protons, THEMIS plasma
 - New features: more orbit element/coordinate options, pitch angle tool
- V1.5 features
 - Parallelization capability for runs on clusters—needed to speed up long runs
 - New kernel-based effects calculation
 - New data: Van Allen Probe & Azur protons, Van Allen Probe & DEMETER electrons, SCATHA & AMPTE plasma
 - International collaborators on board and new model name:

IRENE — International Radiation Environment Near Earth

- V2.0 and later features
 - Sample solar cycle flythrough option
 - New modules
 - New data: PAMELA, DSX/SWx, ERG

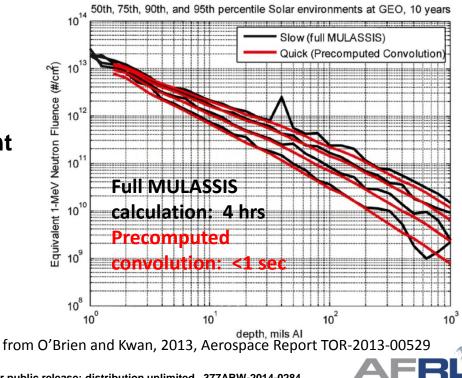








- V1.5 will include AE9/AP9 capability to use independently-calculated radiation effects for faster effects results in the AE9/AP9 environment:
 - User precomputes desired effect vs. depth/particle/energy for a particular material/geometry/component, using independent particle simulation code
 - Results are formatted as a "kernel" for import into AE9/AP9/SPM
 - AE9/AP9/SPM environment plus effects kernel yields rapid calculations of specific effects
- Sample kernel for single event effects is in development
- Provides ability to rapidly obtain AE9/AP9 environment effects for specific components









- AE9/AP9/SPM meets the design community's need for state-of-the-art radiation environment specification
 - More coverage in energy and location
 - Introduces statistics describing uncertainties and environment variability
- Plans are in place for future updates in both data and features
 - Architecture supports updates with new data
 - Future features will expanded capabilities, addressing additional hazards and more options for applying model results to design





Contact Information



- Comments, questions, etc. are welcome and encouraged!
- Please send feedback to (copy all):
 - Bob Johnston, Air Force Research Laboratory, <u>AFRL.RVBXR.AE9.AP9.Org.Mbx@kirtland.af.mil</u>
 - Paul O'Brien, Aerospace Corporation, paul.obrien@aero.org
 - Gregory Ginet, MIT Lincoln Laboratory, gregory.ginet@ll.mit.edu
- Information and discussion forum available on NASA SET website:
 - http://lws-set.gsfc.nasa.gov/radiation_model_user_forum.html
- The model will eventually be available for web download
 - In the meantime contact Gregory Ginet, MIT Lincoln Laboratory, gregory.ginet@ll.mit.edu

